

VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

Marked up replacement paragraph(s):

On page 3, lines 21 to 26:

Still referring to FIG. 1, the web 24 is defined by an approximately planar first surface 26, that engages the trunk of a tree to be shaken, and a concave second surface 28 opposite the first surface. During operation, the concavity of the second surface 28, facilitates the engagement of the pad 20 with differently sized tree trunks by allowing the first surface 26 to readily wrap around, and conform to the shape and size of the different trunks. If required during operation, ~~planer~~planar surface 26 of resilient web 24 may also adopt a curvature.

On page 4, lines 1 to 5:

As shown in FIG. 2, a tree shaker employs a pair of pads 20 opposite one another, each engaging the trunk of the tree to be shaken. When positioned against a tree, the bores 22 are approximately parallel to the tree trunk ~~3040~~40, as well as to each other. During operation, vibratory forces are transmitted from the tree shaker, to the pads 20 and to the tree.